The College of Law, since 1981, conducted on the semester system.

The University of Tennessee College of Law commenced operation in 1890 and has continuously sought to provide high quality legal education in a university community. While the principal objective of the college is to prepare students for the private practice of law, its total mission is more broadly conceived. The college exposes students to the legal issues of our society enabling them to develop analytical skills in respect of decisional law and statutes, the ability to communicate effectively to others their knowledge of the law, an awareness of the historical growth of the law, a knowledgeable appreciation of the interrelationship of law and society, and the ability to use law as an implement of societal control and development. Students are thus equipped to serve their community not only as advocates and counselors, but as policy makers and active, responsible citizens.

The coordinated program of the college has three dimensions: teaching and learning, research into and appraisal of our legal systems and institutions, and service to the community. Each plays a significant role in the college as a modern law center.

The teaching and learning element of legal education at the college involves a cooperative classroom interaction between faculty and students in the analytical study of a host of questions and problems found in today's legal profession. These involve decisional law, statutory interpretation, administration regulation, techniques of trial and appellate advocacy, and the roles and responsibilities of the lawyer in advising and representing clients. While proper consideration is given to the problems of Tennessee law, the course of study is conducted with a view toward providing an awareness and understanding of the regional and national perspective to prepare our students for service in any state.

The college is also directly involved in providing service to the community of which it is a part. A major element of public service is centered in the Legal Clinic where students, under the guidance of skilled and experienced licensed practitioners, provide legal services to indigent persons of Knox County. Additionally, through research, consultation, and other services to legal institutions and groups within the state, the college seeks to participate in the development and improvement of the society in which its students may eventually practice law. The Public Law Research and Service Program are primary examples of this function.

In combination, the direction and objectives of the college lead to the development not of a narrow technician, but of a student of the law with the perspective, breadth, and understanding necessary for the accomplishment of the many tasks assigned by society to the legal profession.

The Law Library

The Law Library contains the official state reports of all states, the complete National Reporter system which covers all states and the federal courts, the Annotated Reports, standard sets of miscellaneous reports, the reports of the Canadian cases and of English cases from the yearbooks to date. In addition to these, there are adequate encyclopedias, digests and dictionaries, standard textbooks, law reviews, and current looseleaf services, totaling together more than 100,000 cataloged volumes. The library is under the supervision of a law librarian who is trained in law and library science. Law students also have the use of the collections in the University Main Library, which is located across the street from the Law Library, the Undergraduate Library a few blocks away, and other branch libraries.

Degree of Doctor of Jurisprudence

The degree of Doctor of Jurisprudence will be conferred upon candidates who complete, with the required average, six semesters of resident law study and who have 84 semester hours of credit, including all required courses. The required average is 2.0 and that average must be maintained on the work of all six semesters and also for the combined work of the grading periods in which the last twenty-eight (28) hours of credit were earned. Averages are computed on weighted grades. Grades are on a numerical basis from 0.0 to 4.0. A grade of 0.9 or below is a failure.

Eligible law students may receive credit towards the J.D. degree for acceptable performance in up to three (3) courses taken in other departments at The University of
Tennessee. Course selection and registration are subject to guidelines approved by the law faculty which include the requirement that any such course be acceptable for credit towards a graduate degree in the department offering the course.

Note: Students are advised to consult the University's degree requirements as stated in the front section of this catalog as well as the requirements for this college.

Dual J.D.-M.B.A. Degree Program

The College of Business Administration and the College of Law offer a coordinated dual degree program leading to the conferral of both Doctor of Jurisprudence and the Master of Business Administration degrees. A student pursuing the dual program is required to take fewer hours of course work than would be required if the two degrees were to be earned separately.

Admissions. Applicants for the J.D.-M.B.A. program must make separate application to, and be competitively and independently accepted by, the College of Law for the J.D. degree and the Graduate School and College of Business Administration for the M.B.A. degree, and by the Dual Degree Committee.

Students who have been accepted by both colleges may commence studies in the dual program at the beginning of any term subsequent to matriculation in both colleges, provided, however, that dual program studies must be started prior to entry into the last 28 semester hours required for the J.D. degree and the last 24 hours required for the M.B.A. degree.

Curriculum. A dual degree candidate must satisfy the graduation requirements of each college. Dual degree students withdrawing from the dual degree program before completion of both degrees will not receive credit toward graduation from either college for courses in the other college, except as such courses qualify for credit without regard to the dual degree program. For students continuing in the dual degree program, the J.D. and M.B.A. degrees will be awarded upon completion of requirements of the dual degree program.

The College of Law will award credit toward the J.D. degree for acceptable performance in a maximum of eight semester hours of approved graduate-level courses offered by the College of Business Administration. A student shall receive two semester hours of credit for each such course successfully completed unless the law faculty specifies otherwise. Two of the eight semester hours must be earned in Accounting 5810 or a more advanced accounting course. If College of Law credit is given for such accounting course, the dual degree student may not receive College of Law credit for Legal Accounting (Law College Course 8590).

The College of Business Administration will award credit toward the M.B.A. degree for acceptable performance in a maximum of eight semester hours of approved courses offered by the College of Law.

Except while completing the first year courses in the College of Law, students are encouraged to maximize the integrative facets of the joint program by taking courses in both colleges each year.

Awarding of Grades. For grade recording purposes in the College of Law for graduate business courses and in the College of Business Administration for law school courses, grades awarded will be converted to either Satisfactory or No Credit and will not be included in the computation of the student's grade average or class standing in the college where such grades are so converted. The College of Law will award a grade of Satisfactory for a graduate business course in which the student has earned a B grade or higher and a No Credit for any lower grade. The College of Business Administration will award a grade of Satisfactory for a College of Law course in which the student has earned a 2.3 grade or higher and a No Credit for any lower grade. Grades earned in courses of either college may be used on a regular graded basis for any appropriate purpose in the college offering the course. The official academic record of the student maintained by the Registrar of the University shall show the actual grade assigned by the instructor without conversion.

Satisfactory/No Credit Option

(1) Course Eligibility

Required courses may be taken on a Satisfactory/No Credit (S/NC) basis except as specifically designated.

(2) Satisfactory/No Credit

a. Election to take courses on a Satisfactory/No Credit basis must be made at the time of registration and cannot be changed thereafter. Students who register for a course Satisfactory/No Credit when they are ineligible to do so will be required to change to regular grading when the error is discovered.

b. Credit will be given for a course taken on a Satisfactory/No Credit basis only in semesters in which the student completes (receives a grade in) at least ten hours on a regular graded basis.

c. Students electing the Satisfactory/No Credit basis must meet all requirements imposed on students taking the course on a regular graded basis, e.g., attendance, term paper, recitation, etc.

d. Examinations and other work of students electing a Satisfactory/No Credit basis shall not be graded separately or differently from that of other students.

e. For purposes of Satisfactory/No Credit grading, Satisfactory shall mean a grade of at least 2.0.

f. A student electing Satisfactory/No Credit who makes 2.0 or above shall receive credit for the course, but the grade shall be recorded as S and will not be used in determining the grade average.

A student electing Satisfactory/No Credit who makes below 2.0 will receive an NC for the course and neither this grade nor the hours for the course will be used in computing the grade average or hours credit.

g. A student electing Satisfactory/No Credit who makes below 2.0 will receive an NC for the course and neither this grade nor the hours for the course will be used in computing the grade average or hours credit.

h. A maximum of two courses may be taken on a Satisfactory/No Credit basis.

Maintenance of a Satisfactory Record

No student will be excluded from the College of Law for academic reasons prior to the completion of two semesters of academic study. A full-time student who fails to achieve an overall average of at least 2.0 upon completion (receipt of a grade) of two semesters of academic study shall be excluded. Such exclusion shall occur regardless of whether the student has obtained permission to vary the first-year full course load.

Maximum Course Load Per Semester

The maximum course load for a law student is eighteen (18) hours in any one semester. During the Summer term the maximum course load is seven (7) hours.

Clinical Courses

A student may take no more than a total of two clinical courses for law credit and normally no more than one clinic course per semester. Clinical courses are 8746, 8756, 8775, 8785.

Policy for Graduate Students Taking Law Courses

Law courses are not available for graduate credit; however, a graduate student may be allowed to take up to 6 semester hours of law courses and receive credit toward a degree upon approval of the College of Law and the major chairperson. The graduate student must register for the law course during regular registration at the College of Law requesting an S/NC grade only. If a 2.0 or above is obtained in a law course, an S will be recorded on the transcript. If a student earns below a 2.0, an NC will be recorded and the course cannot be used toward meeting degree requirements. Grades for law courses will not be reflected in the cumulative average.

Different rules apply to the student enrolled in the Dual J.D.-M.B.A. Program. Grades must be earned according to the grading system of the respective college, e.g., numerical grades for law courses, letter grades for graduate courses. Refer to page xx for the grading scale acceptable toward meeting degree requirements. Cumulative GPA for law courses only will be carried until graduation, at which time both the graduate and the law cumulative will be shown on the permanent record.

Admission

Information regarding admission, financial aid, academic policies, extracurricular activities, and student services is available in the College of Law Bulletin. Students interested in the college should obtain a copy of the Bulletin from the Admissions Office. The University of Tennessee, College of Law, 1505 West Cumberland Avenue, Knoxville, Tennessee 37996. Completed application should be received before February 1 of the year of expected admission.

Faculty


Associate Professors: G. L. Anderson, LL.M. Harvard; J. P. Black, Jr., J.D. Vanderbilt; M. S. L. Black, J.D. Tennessee; D. K.
Program of Instruction

The following program is designed to give the student an adequate preparation for the practice of law. From 12 to 15 hours of classroom work a week are required of all full-time students. The required courses will be taken as early in the law curriculum as possible or as scheduled by the law faculty. See statement of course availability at end of this section.

REQUIRED COURSES

8860 Income Tax (4) What is income; whose income is it; when is it income; how is it taxed (capital gains and losses, maximum and minimum tax); deductions and credits; rates (corporate, estate, and trust).


8940 Civil Procedure II (3) Pleading, joinder of claims and parties; discovery, trials, verdicts, judgments and appeals; an introduction to the general rules of Civil Procedure.

8030 Contracts I (3) The basic agreement process and legal protection afforded contracts. Problems to offer and acceptance, interpretation, illegality, and the statute of limitations.

8030 Contracts II (3) Continuation of study begun in Contracts I. Concentrating on remedies, conditions, impossibility and frustration, third party beneficiaries, assignment and delegation, and discharge.

8040 Criminal Law (3) Course on substantive aspects of criminal law. General principles applicable to all criminal conduct, then specific analysis of particular crimes. Substantive defenses of crimes, including insanity, intoxication, mistake, necessity, legal duty, self-defense, and duress.

8070 Legal Process (3) Introductory course on judicial process. Brief survey of judicial organization and procedure, legal history, case analysis, significance of precedent, influence of the judge as policy maker, adversary system, and role and responsibilities of the lawyer as an advocate. Legislative interpretation.

8110-11 Research and Writing I, II (1, 2) This two-semester sequential offering is designed to provide the student with a progressively more sophisticated understanding of the role of research and writing. Fundamentals of research and writing techniques, legal writing processes, and research skills will be an integral part. Among the other components to be included are the drafting of a law office memorandum and other written materials. The preparation and presentation of an appellate argument (written and oral) will also be expected. Classes will be divided, with individual criticism given on all work submitted. Lectures on research, writing, and advocacy skills will be included. (8110 graded S/NC).

8130 Property I (3) Freestanding estates, future interests, concurrent interests, real estate, contract and deed. Principles of personal property.

8140 Property II (3) The recording system, title assurance, easements, nuisance, lateral support, water rights, zoning, and eminent domain.

8180 Torts I (3) Intentional interference with the person, assault and battery, false imprisonment, pecuniary loss, invasion of privacy, false light, negligence, assumption of risk, contributory negligence, and contributory causes.


8300 Constitutional Law I (3) Judicial review, limitations on judicial power, national legislative power, regulation of commerce, power to tax and spend, other sources of national power, state power to regulate and tax, intergovernmental immunities; substantive due process; Congressional enforcement of civil rights.

8660 Legal Profession (2) Role of the lawyer in society and ethical responsibilities implied in that role. Admission to the Bar, the organized profession, solicitation, advertising, unauthorized practice, conflicts of interest, decision to represent or withdraw as counsel; fiduciary relationship, advocacy and its limitations, fees, and disciplinary procedures.

Additional Required Courses: Perspective Course Requirement: One course among the following is required for graduation: American Legal History; Comparative Law; Criminal Law Theory; International Law; Jurisprudence; Law and Economics; Language and Ethics; Legal Imagination; and Tax Theory.

Writing Requirement: One seminar or upper-level course requiring a substantial legal research paper under faculty supervision is required for graduation. This requirement may also be satisfied by a Directed Research project approved by the Academic Standards Committee.

NOTE: No single course may be taken to satisfy both the Perspective Course Requirement and the Writing Requirement. Additional required courses may be taken at any time during the second or third year.

ELECTIVE COURSES

8015 Comparative Law (3) A general introduction to the civil law systems of France and Germany, focusing on legal institutions, methodology and aspects of the laws of obligations and commercial law.

8050 American Legal History (3) Historical development of the law, legal institutions, legal profession, and legal education from colonial times to present. Historical relationship of legal system to society.

8055 Criminal Law Theory (3) A study of the theoretical foundations of criminal law, with emphasis on an examination of concepts of justice and morality and pertinent concepts in the physical and behavioral sciences.

8060 Criminal Process (4) Examination of the constitutional and statutory rights of parties charged with crimes, including search and seizure, self-incrimination, right to counsel, electronic eavesdropping, entrapment, guilty pleas, fair trial, double jeopardy, and habeas corpus.

8125 Admiralty (2) Admiralty courts and their jurisdiction; death and injury to persons; special provisions concerning various maritime workers; carriage of goods by ships; principles governing collisions and liability.

8170 Trial Practice (3) Criminal and civil litigation, with primary emphasis on trial problems and preparation.

Basic trial strategy, professional responsibility, fact investigation, witness preparation, discovery and presentation of evidence, selection and instruction of juries, opening and closing arguments.


8260 Bills and Notes (2) Negotiable instruments, negotiable credit, assignment, collection, and rights of holders in due course; acquiesces and defenses; liability of parties; discharge; letters of credit; Arts. 3, 4, and 5 of Uniform Commercial Code.

8280 Conflict of Laws (3) Jurisdiction, foreign judgments, choice of law, constitutional limitations, conflict, and classification.

8310 Constitutional Law II (3) Freedom of expression, association and religion. Fourteenth Amendment rights of criminally accused, including discrimination as to race, sex, etc., right to franchise and apportionment, concept of state action in matters of civil rights.


8360 Family Law (3) Survey of laws affecting the family as defined in broad terms. Emphasis on the federal bankruptcy code.

8370 Federal Environmental Law (3) Survey of environmental laws and regulations. Emphasis on the federal Environmental Protection Agency, pollution, antinuclear contracts, creation of common law and formal marriage, legal effects of marriage, support obligations within the family, jurisdiction and immunities, habeas corpus, divorce, alimony, property settlements, child custody, child support, adoption, abortion, and illegitimacy.

8420 Evidence (4) Rules regulating introduction and exclusion of oral, written, and demonstrative evidence, including relevancy, competency, impeachment, hearsay, privilege, judicial notice, presumptions, and burden of proof.

8460 Federal Courts (3) Jurisdiction of federal courts and conflicts between federal and state judicial systems, including nature of judicial power, federal questions, diversity, removal, jurisdictional amount, choice of state or federal law, habeas corpus, abstention, enjoining state proceedings, appellate jurisdiction, and joinder of parties and claims.

8490 Environmental Law (3) Survey course examining basic federal and state statutory schemes for air and water quality, together with selected legislative enactments such as the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969; selected introduction to role and scope of federal, state and local agencies in enforcement and proposing new laws and regulations.

8500 Future Interests (3) The law of future interests, including reversions, remaindermen, possibiilities of reverter and rights of entry, executory interests, construction of limitations, and rules of recovery.

8510 Government Contracts (3) Principles relating to government procurement, both federal and state, to include award, performance, and termination of contracts. Administrative settlement of disputes arising under government contracts. Prereq: 8200.

8525 International Business Transactions (3) Legal status of persons abroad, acquisition and use of property within a foreign country, doing business abroad as a corporation, engaging in business within a foreign country and proportion or annulment of contracts or concessions.

8530 Public International Law (3) (International agreement; organization of states, nationality, territory, jurisdiction and immunities, claims, extraterritorial, force and war.

8535 Jurisprudence (3) A comparative examination of legal theories including natural law, idealism, historical jurisprudence, utilitarianism, analytical jurisprudence, sociological jurisprudence, legal realism, and the policy science approach.

8540 Labor Law (4) Evolution of labor relations law, rights of self-organization; employer and union under federal labor practices; strikes; boycotts and picketing, collective bargaining; public employee labor relations; inter-
nal union affairs; individual rights in labor relations; employment discrimination, federalism and preemption; unions and the antitrust laws.

8560 Law, Language, and Ethics (3) An intermediate level legal writing course. Law is the mind's art to defend, direct, and administer human activity. Exploration of ethical values underlying formal legal reasoning and the rules of jurisprudence in the process of analyzing and legal concepts through the methods of epistemology.

8565 Law and Economics (3) Examination of the relationship between legal and economic thought, with particular emphasis on the use of economic concepts and techniques in legal decision making and as a tool of legal criticism.

8590 Legal Accounting (2) Designed to familiarize law students with accounting problems and techniques, and to enable them to use and understand accounting information.

8650 Copyright, Patent and Trademark (3) Protection for intellectual property under federal and state law; patents, trade secrets, copyright, tax considerations, and international aspects.

8655 Legal Imagination (3) Systematic study of literature and its application to accurate, fluent, and creative legal composition.

8670 Legal Writing (1) By arrangement. Academic credit for completion of a Casenote or Comment for the Tennessee Law Review as a member of a faculty-supervised moot court competition. (Graded S/NC) Legal Writing will not be counted toward the total number of division courses for division courses that may be taken on a S/NC basis.

8680 Legislation (3) Examination of interpretation and drafting of statutes, legislative process, and legislative power. Judicial views on legislative process subjected to critical comparison with the realities of legislative process and applicable constitutional principles.

8690 Modern Land Use Law (2) Land use planning, nuisance, zoning, and eminent domain.

8700 Local Government (3) Distribution of power between and local and state governments; sources of authority for limitation of local government operations; creation of local governmental units and determination of their boundaries; home rule; problems represented by fragmentation of local government units; problems in the financing of local services; influence of federal policy on local government finance and decision making.

8710 Natural Resources Law (3) Selected materials on nature of interest, conveyancing, royalties, grants and reservations, leases, and taxation.

8740 Business Associations (4) An introduction to the law of cooperative business enterprise including agency, partnership, limited partnership, and the corporate form.

8750 Remedies (4) Study of judicial remedies, including damages, restitution, and equitable relief. Consideration of availability, limitations and measurement of various remedies. One objective is a comparative evaluation of remedies available in various situations.

8755 Selected Problems in Remedies (3) Advanced course examining in depth particular remedial problems. Specific course content will vary. Possible topics of study include civil rights injunctions, remedies in complex litigation (class actions and/or derivative suits), problems in restitution. Prereq: 8750 or consent of instructor.

8760 Advanced Business Associations (2) Selected topics from the law of business associations. Prereq: 8740.


8800 Sales and Secured Transactions (4) Art. 2 (Sales) and Art. 9 (Documents of Title) of the Uniform Commercial Code. Brief survey of suretyship and guaranty. Art 18 (Security Interests) of the Uniform Personal Property of the Uniform Commercial Code.

8815 Discrimination and the Law (3) Comparison of race, sex and other invidious discriminatory practices as they affect political participation, education, employment, housing and other social and economic activities; emphasis on legislative enforcement of post-Civil War Amendments to the Constitution.

8820 Securities Regulation (3) Advanced problems of governmental regulation of issuance of securities.

8830 Social Legislation and Employee Benefits (3) Legal problems relating to the protection of workers' rights, workers' compensation, and welfare and housing legislation.

8840 Wealth Transfer Taxation (3) Transfers of wealth at death (estate tax) and during life (gift tax); generation skipping transfers; deductions and credits; inter-relationship of transfer taxation.

8850 Tax Theory (3) A comparative study of the devices, and problems incurred in event of default collection through an examination of economic theory and various actual proposed schemes of taxation.

8862 Income Tax II (3) Partnership corporate reorganizations and distributions; transactions among corporations and shareholders.

8900 Decedents' Estates (3) Nature, creation, transfer, termination, and modification of trusts; probate and administration; intestate succession; validity, execution, mistake, revocation, probate and contest of wills; ademption, advancements and contribution of wills.


8985 Directed Research (1-2) Hours to be arranged. Independent research by a student under direct supervision of an instructor. Prereq: 8745 after completing 8745 or 8755 will receive five (5) hours credit after completing 8745 or 8755 will receive four (4) hours credit rather than eight (8) hours credit for Directed Research. Students having completed 8756 will receive four (4) hours credit for 8756. Students enrolling in 8745 or 8756 after completing 8745 or 8756 will receive seven (7) hours credit for the Introduction to Advocacy course.

LEGAL CLINIC COURSES

Students are eligible to enroll in clinical courses after the successful completion of their fourth semester in addition to meeting other specified prerequisites. Students must enroll in only one clinical course per semester and are limited to a total of two courses.

8746-56 Introduction to Advocacy (4-4) Concentrated study of litigation with primary emphasis on trial problems and preparation. Basic trial strategy, discovery, presentation of evidence, voir dire, jury instruction, and opening and closing statements are among the topics addressed. Concentrated role-playing in simulated situations will be used in addition to the representation of actual clients. Ethical issues encountered by students during supervised fieldwork will be examined during the course and selected problems of professional responsibility will be analyzed and discussed. Students will be rated either a civil or criminal component. A student who has successfully completed one fieldwork component may be eligible to enroll in the other course during a subsequent semester.

8746 Civil Component: Explores the nature, function, dynamics and processes of lawyering and learning with an emphasis on the student's development of lawyer's role, including in evaluating his or her roles in the legal system. In addition to classroom work, students are given an intensive supervised fieldwork experience in experiential learning with live cases in legal problems in the civil area. Prereq: 8010, 8420, and 8940.

8756 Criminal Component: Assists students in understanding the criminal justice system and the advocacy role as criminal defense counsel. In addition to classwork, course includes supervised fieldwork requiring participation in criminal defense representation, usually at preliminary hearings and misdemeanor trials in the general sessions courts. Prereq: 8040, 8360, and 9420.

8775 Advanced Advocacy (4) Builds on the lawyering and learning skills developed in 8746-56 by involving students in litigation and advocacy of greater complexity. When offered, limited to those students who have completed 8745 or 8756 and have completed 8756. Students having completed 8746 will enroll in 8756 after completing 8746. Students having completed 8745 and 8756 may be taken concurrently with 8756 with consent of instructor.

NOTE: Students receiving credit for 8170 prior to taking an Introduction to Advocacy course (8746 or 8756) will receive five (5) hours credit for that course. Students receiving credit for 8756 after completing 8745 or 8756 will receive four (4) hours credit rather than eight (8) hours credit for 8756. Students enrolling in 8746 or 8756 after completing 8745 or 8756 will receive seven (7) hours credit for the Introduction to Advocacy course.

SEMINARS

8240 Arbitration Seminar (2) Arbitration of labor agreements. Judicial and legislative developments, nature of process, relationships to collective bargaining. Selected arbitration problems on various topics under collective agreements, and role of lawyers and arbitrators in the process.


8345 Criminal Law Seminar (2) Advanced problems in criminal law and administration of justice.

8400 Estate Planning Seminar (2) Prereq: 8746 or 8756. Students have completed 8745 or 8756. Students have completed 8746. Students have completed 8756. Students having completed 8746 will enroll in 8756 after completing 8746. Students having completed 8756. Students having completed 8756. Students having completed 8756. Students having completed 8745 will receive four (4) hours credit rather than eight (8) hours credit for 8745. Students enrolling in 8746 or 8756 after completing 8746 will receive seven (7) hours credit for the Introduction to Advocacy course.

8545 Juvenile Law Seminar (2) Explores the unique history and philosophy of juvenile justice system. Consideration of jurisdiction, judicial and extrajudicial functions of juvenile court, and various dispositional alternatives. Students will read judicial opinions and materials from fields of history, sociology, and psychology. Knox County Juvenile Court serves as laboratory for students. Professional staff from the Court participate in seminar on regular basis. Prereq: 8550 and 8640.

8550 Labor Relations Law Seminar (2) Study and discussion of selected labor relations law problems. Prereq: 8550 and 8640.

8570 International Law Seminar (2) Study and discussion of current international law problems. Prereq: 8550 and 8640.

8580 Law and Current Problems Seminar (2) Study of current issues in law with emphasis on policy determination. May be repeated for credit.

8650 and Mental Health Seminar (2) Introduction to psychiatric principles, role of psychiatrist and
relationship to role of legal counsel; assigned readings; field work in mental health clinic; jointly taught by law professor and psychiatrist.

**8870 Business Planning Seminar (2)** Selected problems on corporate and tax aspects of business planning and transactions. Prereq: 8860, 8862, and 8740.

**8890 Environmental Protection Seminar (2)** Through team-teaching and input of selected experts, course will focus on specific problems of litigating in defense of the environment and mobilizing public and private efforts in defense of the environment. Problems of proving environmental impact of selected projects, interpretation and evaluation of scientific data, use of expert witnesses. Special environmental concerns of the region, e.g., TVA operations, strip mining, forest management, wildlife preserves. Prereq: 8480.

**8975 Commercial Law Seminar (2)** Content will vary. On some occasions this will be a planning seminar in which students are required to plan and execute a complex commercial transaction, such as the sale and financing of major equipment. Other years the seminar will focus on selected problems in commercial transactions, with students required to write a major research paper. Prereq: 8800.

**8845 Legal Professional Competence Seminar (2)** Exploration of typical situations in which malpractice claims arise, including third party claims, conflicts of interest, breach of fiduciary duties and the like; examination of difficult problems of proof including use of expert testimony, which is hallmark of much legal malpractice litigation.

**8910 Administrative Law Seminar (2)** In-depth study of principles of administrative law not covered in basic courses. Discretion, choice of adjudication of rulemaking to develop administrative policy, consistency in administrative action.

**8930 Consumer Protection Seminar (2)** Selected problems in consumer protection.

**8935 Law and Medicine Seminar (2)** Examination of medical profession's involvement in judicial process, including: (1) medical malpractice and alternatives to fault-based liability; (2) responsibilities for disposition and care of dead bodies and legal principles governing organ transplantation; (3) expert medical proof and testimony; (4) medico-legal aspects of euthanasia; (5) other more specific matters such as legal import of medical profession's various canons of ethics.

**8955 Trade Regulation Seminar (2)** Study and discussion of selected problems arising under antitrust laws and laws applicable to regulated industries.

**8960 Office Practice Seminar (2)** Techniques of law office management, methods and practices, including techniques in the preparation of various legal instruments, office accounting, interviewing and counseling, management of personnel.

**8995 Land Acquisition & Development Seminar (2)** Alternative business forms will be assigned teams of students who will then prepare and present for seminar discussion all major documents (notes, deeds, prospectus, etc.) necessary to accomplish the acquisition or development of large pieces of raw land. Prereq: 8990.

**Course Offerings Subject To Change**

The necessity of adjustments to accommodate changing conditions may dictate modifications in the course offerings and other features of the program described above. Accordingly, the college reserves the right to make such variation in its program as circumstances may require. Prospective students who are interested in the precise course offerings at a given time or who desire other special information should make inquiry in advance.

It is necessary to offer some courses and seminars only on an every other-year basis. Choice is based on subject matter and past patterns of student enrollment.